DAILY TOPIC

PALLO!

질문에 대해 생각하고, 주어진 표현을 활용해 자유롭게 이야기해 보세요.

1. Where is your hometown and what is one special memory there?

당신의 고향은 어디이며, 그곳에서의 특별한 추억 한 가지는 무엇인가요?

KEYWORDS **countryside (시골) | suburb (교외)**

I grew up in the **countryside** where there were no tall buildings, just farm animals everywhere I went.
My aunt lived in a **suburb** where all the houses looked the same and there wasn't much to do at night.

2. What is one of your favorite places in your hometown?

고향에서 가장 좋아하는 장소 중 한 곳은 어디인가요?

KEYWORDS **neighborhood (동네) | downtown (도심)**

My local **neighborhood** is packed with things to do, like cafes, restaurants, and arcades.
If people want somewhere to hang out at night, I recommend **downtown** areas like Itaewon or Hongdae.

3. If a tourist visits your hometown, what is one thing they have to do there?

관광객이 당신의 고향을 방문한다면, 꼭 해봐야 할 한 가지는 무엇인가요?

KEYWORDS **cuisine (음식) | outskirts (변두리)**

Where I grew up, the local **cuisine** was Mexican, Chinese, and Japanese food, so I am used to those flavors.
While the city center is crowded with people, if you go to the **outskirts**, it's much quieter and less crowded.

4. Growing up, what was some local drama in your hometown?

어렸을 때, 고향에서 어떤 동네 이야깃거리나 사건들이 있었나요?

KEYWORDS **gossip (소문) | hang out (어울려 놀다)**

At my school, the most common **gossip** was about who was dating whom.
Growing up, my friends and I liked to **hang out** around local restaurants with our bikes.

5. Growing up, what did you usually do in your hometown?

어렸을 때 고향에서 주로 무엇을 하며 지냈나요?

KEYWORDS **mess around (장난치다) | delinquents (불량배)**

My friends and I used to **mess around** and make jokes about which celebrities we looked like.
There were a lot of **delinquents** in my school and you knew because they were never in class and always in trouble.

6. How has your hometown changed over the years?

당신의 고향은 시간이 지나면서 어떻게 변했나요?

KEYWORDS **urbanized (도시화된) | remained (남았다)**

This town used to be small, but quickly became **urbanized** with many things to do and a lot of public transportation.
After graduating, I moved out of my hometown while my friends **remained** there, working at local offices.

IMPROVEMENT Natural phrases

When you talk about your hometown, try these phrases below:

	Basic		Natural
출신	My hometown is Busan. I was born there.	→	I was **born and raised** in Busan.
이사	I moved to Seoul at 10. So I don't have many memories.	→	I moved to Seoul **when I was 10, so** I don't have many memories of my hometown.
방문	I sometimes visit my hometown.	→	I visit my hometown **from time to time**.
가족	I miss my friends and family in my hometown.	→	I miss my friends and family **back home**.
동네	My hometown is a small city, and there are not many things to do.	→	My hometown is pretty small, so **there isn't much to do**.
추억	There are many memories in that place.	→	That place **brings back a lot of memories** for me.

JOURNAL TOPIC

VOCABULARY REVIEW

멤버들과 영어로 대화하며 지난주 단어의 뜻을 복습하고, 한 표현씩 예문을 발표해보세요.

treat myself	**hectic**	**satisfying**	**take your time**

TOPIC Fan Culture

FOLLOW-UP QUESTION

Have you ever been a big fan of someone or something?

누군가 또는 무언가의 열렬한 팬이었던 적이 있나요?

There was a time when K-pop fan culture was mostly seen as something for young students. Going to concerts, buying merchandise, waving light sticks, and learning every song seemed like activities only dedicated fans would understand. But things have changed a lot. For example, some mothers are huge fans of K-pop idols, while their daughters **go out of their way** to help them get concert tickets. You can also see people of all ages and genders doing dance challenges when their favorite idols release a new song. They film themselves, post the videos on social media, and proudly **show their support for** their favorite artists. Fans who have never met in real life can **connect with each other over** the same idol, song, or group. They may have **little else in common**, but they can talk for hours about their favorite artists and **keep up with** the latest news together. In the past, K-pop fan culture was often considered a niche subculture that only certain people enjoyed. Now, more people are willing to **be open about** what they love without worrying about being judged. What is even better is that people seem to respect each other's interests more than before. Today, fan culture has become much more diverse, and the boundaries of age, gender, and background are slowly disappearing. Sometimes, all it takes is one thing you both love.

AFTER READING

USEFUL EXPRESSIONS Using context clues, match vocabulary and expressions to their meanings.

go out of your way to •	• 애써서 ~하다	**have something in common** •	• ~따라가다
show their support for •	• ~공감대를 형성하다	**keep up with** •	• 공통점이 있다
connect with someone over •	• 응원하다	**be open about** •	• ~에 대해 당당하게 말하다

READING CHECK Using the above text and vocabulary, answer the following questions.

1. How has K-pop fan culture changed compared to the past?
2. Why do you think people can connect with strangers through fan culture?
3. Using one of the phrases and vocabulary words, make a question. Next, ask this question to a partner.

ACTIVITY Advertise Your Hometown

1. Each member will think about why their hometown can be a nice place to live.

각자 자신의 고향에서 살기 좋은 점이 무엇인지 생각해 보세요.

2. First, work by yourself to list reasons why it could be nice to live there. Then, try to turn any bad points into good points.

먼저 혼자서 그곳에서 살면 좋은 점들을 적어 본 후, 단점들은 좋은 점으로 바꾸어 보세요.

3. You will advertise your hometown as if it were the best place on Earth to live and try to convince the other members to move there.

자신의 고향을 지구상에서 가장 살기 좋은 곳인 것처럼 홍보하고, 다른 구성원들이 그곳에서 살도록 설득해 보세요.

4. Discuss who gave the most convincing advertisement. That person is the winner!

누가 가장 설득력 있게 고향을 홍보했는지 이야기해 보고, 가장 설득력 있게 홍보한 사람이 우승합니다!

USEFUL VOCABULARY

laid back: The laid-back atmosphere of Busan makes it feel more relaxing than Seoul.
spacious: A house with a high ceiling can feel more spacious even if the room is the same size as other rooms.
scenic: Highway 1 in California is a scenic highway where you travel along the coastline.
historic: Gyeongju is a historic city in Korea because it was once the capital city.